

BIG SANDY NEWS.

Aut inveniam viam, aut faciam.

VOL. X. NO. 19.

LOUISA, LAWRENCE COUNTY, KENTUCKY, JANUARY 11, 1895.

M. F. CONLEY, Publisher.

NEWS ITEMS.

THEY'RE ANGRY,
And say Hampton Would Not Have Been
Lynched—Kentuckians Refuse to Accept
Buchwalter's Decision as Final.

HE DENIES IT.

Cleveland Makes Public a Letter He
Wrote to His "Royal" Visitors.

They Were Not Recognized as a Committee
But the President Could Not Refuse Them, Personally, the Courtesy
of an Audience—The Letter.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 7.—The same debate on Senator Lodge's resolution in regard to Hawaiian matters has elicited a statement from the president as follows: The attention of the president having been called to a hint thrown out in the senate discussion on Friday, that the visit of a certain "committee of royalists from the Hawaiian Islands" was connected in some way with the departure of American ships from that locality, the president said: Of course, such an insinuation is very absurd. Its propriety and the motive behind it, I am sure, can safely be left to the judgment of fair and right thinking Americans. I am entirely willing that all our people should know everything I know concerning the visit of the so-called "Committee of royalists."

Last year in the latter part of July, or early in August, three gentlemen, from Hawaii arrived here and asked, through the secretary of state, my designation of a time when they would have an interview with me, and presented me with a certain Hawaiian queen. Though I could not, with propriety, recognize them, I was not disposed to refuse them personally the courtesy of an audience; therefore I made arrangements for their visit at my convenience. In the meantime, at my request, transmitted through the secretary of state, these gentlemen made known the precise purpose of their visit in the following note:

SACRAMENTO, Calif., August 11, 1894.
Sir: We, the undersigned commissioners sent by her majesty Queen Liliuokalani, request an audience with the president of the United States. We desire to ascertain definitely whether there is any hope for his doing anything for the restoration of the constitutional government of the Hawaiian Islands.

The Ben. W. Q. Gresham, Secretary of State; H. A. Widemann, Samuel Parker. After this note had been submitted to me, I agreed in writing with some care a reply to it, which I will copy here for the information of the commissioners. I intended to avoid any misunderstanding and misconception by absolutely conining myself to such a brief reply, of which the following is a copy:

Gentlemen—You must permit me to remind you that this interview is not an official one, and instead of receiving you in any representative capacity, I will receive you as individuals who have traveled a long distance for the purpose of laying certain matters before me.

You ask me if there is any hope of my doing anything for the restoration of the constitutional government of the Hawaiian Islands. I repeat that this question is largely prompted by the fact that soon after the overturning of the late government of the queen, I investigated that transaction and was satisfied that that transaction was not only correct, but also that through that rectification to ward off what appeared to be a danger to honor and prestige.

Finally appealing the constitutional limits of the authority of the commissioners, I informed the intruders that I might arise under the task. Having failed in my plans, I committed the entire subject to the congress of the United States, who had a similar view, and ratified the same. The executive branch of the government was thereby discharged from further duty and responsibility in the matter, unless moved thereto by congressional command. The congress has not noted that nothing need be done touching American interference with the overthrow of the government of the queen.

Our democratic president has indicated his desire to do something for the restoration of the government of the queen, and has established in Hawaii, which is in full force and operation in parts of the islands. It is maintaining its authority and discharging all ordinary governmental functions. Upon these principles, and in view of the special circumstances surrounding this question, the new government is clearly entitled to our recognition without regard to any of the individual claims which accompanied or preceded its inception.

The recognition and the attitude of the congress concerning the Hawaiian affairs, of course, led to an absolute denial of the least amount of recognition or engagement on my part in any effort to secure an government retroactive existing in the Hawaiian Islands.

Mr. GROVER CLEVELAND.—When the day appointed for the meeting had come, I was confined to my bed by illness and unable to leave my room. The secretary signed the paper I had expected to read, and it was delivered to the commissioners, who, I believe, returned at once to Hawaii. I saw no sign of any change in their attitude, and have never had any communication or transaction with any of them, directly or indirectly, except as I have here stated.

FOSTER'S MISSION.
Fidelity Private and as Counsel Only for Chinese Peacemakers.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.—The annual sum distributed at the agricultural department has so far resulted in sending out 1,000,000 papers of vegetable seeds to people throughout the country. The work will probably not be completed before May and no flower seeds have been sent out this season. There are still about 5,000,000 papers of seeds awaiting distribution.

Emigrant Inspection.
LONDON, Jan. 8.—The Paris correspondent of the Central News says that the United States embassy in that city authorizes a denial of the reports that France protested against the presence of French ports of American inspectors of emigrants. On the contrary, it is asserted at the embassy, every facility is given to the inspectors by the French authorities.

Judge Clark's Confirmation Deferred.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.—The Senate judiciary committee Monday considered the case of Judge Clark, appointed U. S. district judge for the eastern and middle districts of Tennessee. A sub-committee, consisting of Senators Hill, Lindsay and Platt, was appointed to investigate all the charges and report to the full committee at a later date.

Elected Deputy.
CHARLESTON, Jan. 7.—Joe Edwards and Bret Crawford, two Negroes, engaged in a duel on the street in the business center of the city. The trouble arose over a crap game, and the dozen shots fired did more damage to bystanders than to the belliegars. Lawrence Glover, a prominent young man, received one of the bullets in the bowels, and his recovery is doubtful. Deputy Marshal John Dickmeyer was shot through the thigh while attempting to arrest the Negroes. Edward's received a bullet in his arm, and Crawford's scalp was cut by another. Both men were arrested and lodged in jail.

To Assist Debt.
BUCKSPORT, Mass., Jan. 8.—The Central Labor Union voted financial assistance to the American Railway Union to be used in fighting the Eugene Debs' case on appeal.

Fire Loss in 1894.
NEW YORK, Jan. 8.—In its issue Tuesday the Journal of Commerce and Commercial Bulletin published the following: "The fire loss of the United States and Canada for the month of December, as estimated from our daily files, amounts to \$10,21,000, and the total for the year is \$128,146,400."

Skating Fatality.
ALBION, Ind., Jan. 8.—Jack Miner, aged 21, while skating on Little Lake, near this place, was drowned. His body was found in thirty feet of water about two hours after the accident.

Floods in Southern Indiana.
INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Jan. 8.—Advices from southern Indiana tell of disastrous floods resulting from the heavy rains of the past forty-eight hours. The farmers are suffering severely from the overflow and more serious losses still are anticipated. At Bedford, on the Monon road, the bridge across Blue river has been washed away and the trains are running via North Vernon. At Anderson on the main line of the Jeffersonville, Madison & Indianapolis railroad, 300 feet of track has been washed away and traffic is seriously delayed from both north and south.

Pensions were granted the other day as follows: Original—Fayette Priest, Vaughn's Mills, Estill county, Reisius—Willis Tarter (deceased), Jabez, Russell county; Rufin W. Woodard, Dixon, Webster county.

Fourth-class postmasters appointed the other day: E. J. Hale, Halifax, Allen county; vice C. T. Stither, resigned, and Levi Oppenheimer, Limestone, Carter county, vice D. A. Leffingwell, resigned.

Hugh McHolland is still in jail at Paducah, being unable as yet to give bond.

Price's Cream Baking Powder.
A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder, from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.

40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

THE CAUCUS.

Agreement to Support an Amended Currency Bill—A Motion to Make the Caucus Action Binding was Defeated.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.—After three hours' discussion the democratic caucus, Monday afternoon, by a vote of 55 to 39, agreed to support the Springer substitute for the Carlisle currency bill.

The caucus was called to order shortly before 2 o'clock by Judge Holman, of Indiana, chairman of the caucus committee. One hundred and fifty-two members were present, leaving more than seventy-five absent.

Immediately upon the conclusion of the roll call Mr. Livingston, of Georgia, made a motion that all those present should be bound by the action of the caucus. The chamber meanwhile had been rapidly filling up with members, and at the time Livingston's motion was made there was an instant chorus of "No" and a point of order was made against the motion. The chair (Mr. Holman) sustained the point of order, stating in effect that the uniform practice of thirty years was that caucuses are advisory and not binding on their charter.

Speaker Crisp took the floor and said that the democratic party in congress has kept its pledges. It has reformed the tariff, repealed the federal election law and practiced economy in appropriations. The party has differed in matters affecting currency and finance. The secretary of the treasury has formulated a bill. The question is can the party agree upon something this short session. He said well-considered legislation should be had, the Congress should attend to the call of the treasury and of the country. He then offered a resolution that the members support the Carlisle bill substantially as presented in the substitute.

SHERIFF BELL, of Louisville, the other day took fourteen prisoners to the state penitentiary at Frankfort.

The fact was developed that out of the fourteen consigned to the walls seven of them were entering for the third time.

Mr. Bland, of Missouri, immediately took the floor and opposed the Crisp resolution. He characterized the Carlisle bill as a repudiation of the time-honored principles of the democratic party from the days of Jefferson, Madison and others of the great leaders, down to the present time. He stated with great emphasis that he would never support any measure which extended the power of the national banks.

At the Meadows, near Providence, Wm. Tate, a miner, was nearly killed by falling slate.

At Hopkinsville Barret E. McKnight, a prominent farmer, was served with a notice to answer a suit filed against him for \$80,000. The action was instituted by Col. Bowles on behalf of his daughter Eunice. The allegation is that he was unwilling to accept the Crisp resolution.

Mr. Springer, in supporting the resolution, said in part:

"Our democratic president has endorsed the measure in his message to congress. It has been prepared after careful study and investigation by the democratic secretary of the treasury, Mr. Carlisle, a gentleman whose abilities are not excelled by any man in the United States, and whose administration of the treasury department has been as able as that of any of his predecessors.

"We do not claim," said he, "that we are bringing about a financial millennium, that we are curing all the ills of our financial system, but we do claim that, if this bill is passed, it will better all our friends and furnish the people of the United States a sound, efficient and flexible currency, will meet all the wants of trade and commerce, and give stability with home confidence throughout the world to our national system."

Mr. Springer concluded his remarks amid the applause of his colleagues.

Several members desired to submit questions, and to enable him to answer them his time was extended several times.

Mr. Sperry, of Connecticut, advocated the bill introduced by him last week, which provides for the funding of the legal tenders and the issuance of a low interest bearing bond. He then moved that the pending resolution be so amended as to read that it is the sense of the caucus that the bill introduced by him shall be passed by the house.

Mr. Terry, of Arkansas, offered an amendment authorizing each state treasurer to coin silver million sufficient in amount to coin a dollar for every inhabitant of the state; to present it to the United States treasurer, the latter to coin it into silver dollars and in turn present it to the state treasurer.

Mr. Crisp demanded the previous question on the resolution introduced by him and the amendments. The previous question was ordered. The Terry amendment was first considered. It was defeated by a vote of 94 to 54.

The Sperry amendment was then rejected by an overwhelming majority, their being 13 to 54 votes in favor.

The second proposition was to the limitation of debate by the committee on rules. The first proposition was carried by a vote of 81 to 59 to 59, and the second proposition without material objection.

Kentucky's New Bench.

FRANKFORT, Ky., Jan. 8.—The court of appeals room was crowded with eminent lawyers from all over the state at the meeting of the new court at 11 o'clock Monday morning. After the meeting of the four judges of the old court, Chief Justice Quigley signed the record and vacated the bench. Chief Justice Pryor then took the chief justice's chair of the new court and asked Judges Grace, Paynter and Guffey to be sworn in and join Judges Lewis and Hazlewood on the bench.

No Tariff Legislation.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.—The republican steering committee attempted to meet Monday morning, but did not muster a quorum. Those present talked informally of the proposed programme. Though no conclusion was reached, members of the conference said that there would be no tariff legislation, even though the correction of what are termed errors in the bill. As to the fight against the income tax, it was understood that Senator Quay would oppose that provision in the appropriation bill, and other republicans would make speeches, but there would be no party fight made upon it.

At least seventeen men in Kentucky had consented to act as counsel to the Chinese peace commissioners, and expected to meet the two officials appointed to act in that capacity.

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BIG SANDY NEWS.

Entered at the postoffice at Louisa, Ky., as second-class matter.

Published Every Friday By
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F. P. SHANNON, Ass't. Manager.

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The News is in no way responsible for any article to which the author's name is printed. A charge is made for the publication of such articles containing anything personal.

Communications on any side of public questions admissible to discussion in our columns will be published, no matter whether they agree with the editor's views or not.

FRIDAY, JANUARY 11, 1895.

We hope Senator Hill had a pleasant time at Mr. Cleveland's big dinner. He was in good company.—Atlanta Journal.

Secretary Carlisle is overwhelmed with applications for the 17 positions for income tax officers for Kentucky.

The bill to divide Kentucky into two Federal Court districts may fall through; a division in the Kentucky delegation.

One of the latest acts of Representative Payne was to appoint S. H. McDonald, of Cynthiana, a cadet at West Point, with Robert E. Kennell, alternate.

Judge Hager does nothing rashly. He is considering and consulting, and if he decides to go into the race for governor he will be among the leaders.—Ashland News.

The postoffice business, which is one of the best indexes to the business of the country, was much larger all over the country during the last quarter than for many previous ones.

Since the purchase of two horses from D. D. Guest at Princeton by President Cleveland a short time ago orders have been received from various parts of the country for seven double teams and five single horses.

It will probably require the issue of \$150,000,000 of bonds this year to meet all the requirements of the Government. This is the sum which the pension bills call for. We are now borrowing money to pay pensions.—Louisville Post.

The Eastern bankers don't like Secretary John G. Carlisle because they can't dictate the policy of the Treasury department so long as he is at the head of it. They have about given up all hope of dictating and are now asking his removal, it is said.

The prospect for an early resumption of peaceful relations between China and Japan are not flattering. The special envoy sent to Japan has had a farewell talk with the Mikado, and the latter refused to call off his dogs of war until Peking was occupied by Japanese troops. Minister Denby believes the negotiations will prove fruitless.—Courier Journal.

During his speech in the House Saturday Representative Cockran, having been interrupted by a reference to the recent election, said he had his own opinion about the result of that election, and added: "I do not think the Democratic party was in that canvass. There was something masquerading as the Democratic party, which the American people ground under heel."

The mills and factories of this country can produce double what we consume and the only hope of providing constant employment for labor is to reach the markets of the world. The labor of this country will find that just as soon as our manufactured products find a market abroad their condition will improve. American skill and invention enables us to successfully compete against the world. All this country needs is free access to the markets of the world, and we can only secure this by being more liberal in levying duties on foreign products.—Portsmouth Times.

Kentucky and the Democracy of the United States are proud of the record made by Hon. John G. Carlisle as Secretary of the Treasury. No man in that position has ever been confronted with more complicated and trying conditions and no man has ever proved himself a truer friend to the people. The temptations to cater to Wall street are made very strong by that octopus for a man in Mr. Carlisle's position, but he spurns them all. Taking as he did a wrecked treasury, with enormous demands fastened upon it by Republican legislation, it is remarkable how he has done so well.

An Infamous Lie.

BLACK AS HELL ITSELF.

Sample of the Slanders Published in Ohio.

The following is a specimen of the misrepresentations of Kentucky in which the Ohio newspapers revel. We reproduce it to show how our section is slandered. "Persons who have never visited the mountain section of Kentucky can have no conception of the people who inhabit this region. The writer has been through the so-called "tuff sections" of the Far West, he witnessed the stirring excitement and tragic events which marked the last stand of the old-style Western "killer" at Creedo, Colo., where four years ago, there were gathered in one eddying cesspool of social corruption, way up in an almost inaccessible valley of the San Juan mountains, 250 miles southwest of Denver, and so remote from all forms of organized government, that the enforcement of any sort of order was absolutely impossible, the dotsam and jetsam of the mad current of Western life—and not even in that motley crew of reckless and irresponsible men and women did he see such types of the human family as he encountered in a day's ride through the hilly and jagged country east of Jackson, Kentucky. Jackson is the terminus of the Lexington and Eastern Railroad.

It is a little short of 100 miles from Lexington, the very heart of the farfamed Blue Grass region, one of the most favored bolts of the continent and the home of a cultured civilization, which indisputably has no superior in the new world. Yet within the short distance of the very heart of the Blue Grass region is a section of country populated by a people who are as savage in instinct as those who roam the impenetrable wilds of Zululand and who seem more impervious to the softening influences of civilization than do the benighted blacks of South Africa. Strong language, this, but it is not strong enough to characterize the people about whom it is written. The most of the people of Kentucky do not know what a citizenship exists in the mountain fastnesses to the east and south of Lexington. If they did undoubtedly there would be such a demand for the Governor to mobilize the State troops in the always disturbed district and shoot a hole in it as he could not disregard. Every other influence, except the destructive power of powder and lead, has been brought to bear upon it without the slightest appreciable effect. Schools and churches abound in abundance, when they are to be found, and the particular objects of such persecutions.

The business men of Ohio, and especially of Cincinnati and southern Ohio, depend upon Kentucky for a great deal of patronage. Are they indorsing all this? They are simply sitting motionless and allowing it to go on without a protest? Their relations with the people of this State are close enough for them to know that there is no truth in these reports. They therefore cannot hold themselves blameless, even if they are not indorsing the work. Then should our people continue to patronize and enrich them, when they are a party to this base persecution which is injuring us and retarding our development more than everything else combined? We realize that they have advantages over other points geographically, but it is not impossible to overcome these, in a great measure.

CATS FORK.

Prof. Cunningham and Marion Jordan, of Upper Cat, passed through Monday.

James K. Brooks, of Rich Knob, went down cat Monday.

Wm. and Newton Shortridge spent Christmas at Catlettsburg.

Mr. Johnson and wife spent Xmas with Aps Jordan and wife on East Fork and returned with the storm.

Mrs. Rickman made a flying trip to see her brother on the Sprinkle farm.

G. B. Rickman killed a large hawk which was a great pest.

Henry Neal and family returned home after an extended visit to relatives on Cat.

Mrs. Susan Shortridge was the guest of Mrs. Simpson Christmas. Melvin Browning has gone up Sandy to trade.

El Short is hauling sorghum to Fallsburg.

Wm. Shortridge killed a fine Mondy.

Mr. Powers is up and looking ex-

In Poor Health

means so much more than you imagine—serious and fatal diseases result from trifling ailments neglected. Don't play with Nature's greatest gift—health.

Brown's Iron Bitters

It Cures

Dyspepsia, Kidney and Liver Troubles, Constipation, Bad Blood, Malaria, Nervous ailments. Women's complaints.

At Cost:—A fine organ for sale at wholesale price. Apply at Conley's Jewelry Store.

Our Persecutors.

No State was ever more outrageously treated by another than Kentucky by Ohio. The people of this State, and especially of the mountain section, have been the targets for the vilest slanders which many of the newspapers and certain classes of the Ohio people have been able to concoct. In substantiation of these charges we refer to the news columns of this issue and also remind our readers of the letter from the Sheriff of Athens county, Ohio, written to one of our attorneys, a copy of which was published three weeks ago. It will be recalled that this letter was in answer to a polite inquiry about the business responsibility of a citizen of Athens county and that the answer was a most slanderous characterization of the Kentucky people. The letter written the Sheriff furnished absolutely no pretext for anything but a courteous reply. Read the clipping from the Cincinnati Enquirer published in another column. Could a blacker lie be written by Satan himself?

Then Judge Buchwalter, an Ohio model of righteousness, has refused to deliver to the Sheriff of Marion county, Ky., a negro fugitive, Hampton, upon a requisition duly accepted by the Governor of Ohio. He not only refused to honor the requisition, but he released the fugitive. His excuse was that he feared the negro would be lynched if sent back to Kentucky, and he took occasion to deliver a moral lecture to Kentucky every time the matter was up before him. The crime for which the negro was wanted was for sneaking up behind a white merchant and shooting him in the head. The provocation was that the negro had owed the man a bill for a long time and the man had asked him for it. After walking away and stopping to talk to another man the negro stole up from behind and shot him.

It is no wonder that a good class of immigration does not flow into our rich fields, when our people are the particular objects of such persecutions.

The business men of Ohio, and especially of Cincinnati and southern Ohio, depend upon Kentucky for a great deal of patronage. Are they indorsing all this? They are simply sitting motionless and allowing it to go on without a protest? Their relations with the people of this State are close enough for them to know that there is no truth in these reports. They therefore cannot hold themselves blameless, even if they are not indorsing the work. Then should our people continue to patronize and enrich them, when they are a party to this base persecution which is injuring us and retarding our development more than everything else combined? We realize that they have advantages over other points geographically, but it is not impossible to overcome these, in a great measure.

"What's this?" asked the Senator, holding it to the light of the car window. "I have troubles of my own. Don't mention yours." The spirit of the joke suddenly dawned on the Indiana statesman, and, throwing back his head, he laughed hilariously. When he handed the card back to its owner he expressed a wish to get one like it, because, he said, it exactly covered the situation and he had much need of a similar device to shut off debate.—Philadelphia Record.

KENTUCKIANS ENDORSE

Electropoise

"I make the prediction that it will take its place as the world's greatest discovery, as it is capable of doing more good for humanity than any other."—Jas. C. Clarke, Esq., Morehead, Ky.

"My wife says she has received great benefit from the use of the Electropoise I bought of you some weeks since, and feel sure it will cure her of a long standing case of rheumatism. Money could not buy it from her."—C. W. Wright, Louisville, Ky.

"All the money in Kentucky could not buy Electropoise. It cured my wife of tumor after the best physicians had pronounced her incurable."—Michael Condran, Franklinton, Ky.

Mr. J. M. Myers, of Myers & Bonn, 236 West Main street Louisville, says he has no reason to change the opinion expressed about Electropoise three years ago. It cured him of Rheumatism.

"One night's use of the Electropoise gave me relief from brain congestion and vertigo. I have been a man ever since."—Rev. Geo. H. Means, Covington, Ky.

Electropoise put on trial for four months for \$10. Send for particulars.

DUBOIS & WEBB,
509 Fourth Avenue, Louisville, Ky.

Quarterly Report

Of the Bank of Louisa on the Morning of Dec. 31, 1894.

Loans and discounts,	\$42,576.17	Capital stock paid in cash,	\$30,000.00
Overshoots, secured	50.31	Surplus fund,	7,200.00
Overshoots, unsecured,	95.84	Undivided profits,	65.83
Due from National Banks,	4,587.07	Due Depositors,	28,837.41
Banking house and lot,	5,809.00	Due National Banks,	1,015.61
Specie,	\$5,052.10	Exchanges	
Currency,	7,178.00	for clearing,	12,494.54
		Other items carried	38.67
		as cash,	
		Furniture and fixtures,	1,712.25

STATE OF KENTUCKY, COUNTY OF LAWRENCE:

G. R. Vinson, cashier of Bank of Louisa, a Bank located and doing business in the town of Louisa, in said county, being duly sworn, says that the foregoing Report is in all respects a true statement of the condition of the said Bank, at the close of business on the 31st day of December, 1894, to the best of his knowledge and belief; and further says that the business of said Bank has been transacted at the location named, and not elsewhere; and that the above report is made in compliance with an official notice received from the Secretary of State designating the 31st day of December, 1894, as the day on which such report shall be made.

Subscribed and sworn to before me by G. R. Vinson, the 3d day of January, 1895. P. H. VAUGHAN, Notary Public.

A. J. GARNETT, Director.

J. W. M. STEWART, Director.

D. J. BURCHETT, Director.

G. R. VINSON, Cashier.

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BIG SANDY NEWS.

FRIDAY, JANUARY 11, 1895.



The troubadour touched his guitar
And gallantly warbled he;
He was welcomed both near and
afar,
For he had not learned "Sweet
Marie." —(Washington Star.)

She's the handsomest of girls,
And her teeth are just like pearls,
Which is hardly an original thing
to say;

Yet like pearls they are white.
And yet, to her intense delight,
They are often found in oysters,
nowadays.

—(Chicago Inter Ocean.)

R. E. Lee is very sick.

Sam Freese is at home for a
short visit.

Capt. D. K. Weis, of Ashland, was
here this week.

Remmelle for White Lilly flour
\$3.25. Guaranteed.

75 Bbs. of flour from \$3 to \$3.40,
Sullivan & Kise.

Vaughan can sell you good flour
for \$3.15 per barrel.

Mrs. A. L. Borders, of Catlettsburg,
is visiting here.

Now is the time to get bargains
on flour at Vaughan's.

Vaughan has just received 2 car-
loads of Clover Leaf flour.

Don't fail to attend the mite at
Mrs. E. B. Fitch's to-night.

Miss Sallie Freese will leave for
school at Valparaiso, Ind., soon.

For SALE.—Saw mill, engine
and boiler. Inquire of
4t JAY H. NORTHUP.

The river is rising rapidly and
will probably reach a high stage
to-day.

Miss Nellie Ray Davidson, of
Catlettsburg, is visiting friends in
the city.

A mite will be given by Mrs. E.
B. Fitch to-night—Friday. Every-
body invited.

Nothing more delicate in the way
of perfume than Sachet Powder.
All odors at A. M. Hughes'.

Remember it will not pay us to
move dishes, glassware &c. Will
sell cheap. Sullivan & Kise.

The City Council has passed an
ordinance prohibiting "fiddling"
and "banjoing" in the saloons.

Have you that "gone" sensation
since Christmas? Try a bottle of
Electric Bitters at A. M. Hughes'.

Before buying a cloak be sure to
get the latest style. We have them
from \$2.50 up.

G. W. GUNNELL.

Remember you can get anything
that you want to eat at Sullivan
& Kise.

The statement of the Bank of Lou-
isa appears in another column. It
is a good showing for the past six
months.

Economy in shoes is a very im-
portant item. Economy by buy-
ing your shoes from Borders &
Stewart.

Wm. H. Williams, of Missouri,
has been in this county for a short
time visiting relatives. He will
return next week.

The Magistrates have decided
not to allow any claims for paupers
kept outside of the poor house.
See notice elsewhere.

Sullivan & Kise have rented the
Roffe store building recently occu-
pied by P. H. Vaughan, and will
remove their grocery store to it.

The rise in the river was not as
large as was expected, and no tim-
ber has yet gone out. The steam-
boats have been putting to good
time.

We are going to move and want
to close out our large stock of gro-
ceries, flour, salt, tinware, glass-
dishes, etc. Now is your time for
bargains Sullivan & Kise.

Rev. Clifton Dean preached at the
South Methodist Church Wednes-
day evening. Owing to the very
inclement weather the audience
was only moderately large.

M. B. Sparks was last week ap-
pointed postmaster at Martha-
Lawrence county, to succeed his
father, Nelson Sparks, who resign-
ed after being elected Magistrate.

W. A. Copley and Sam Rose have
contracted for the purchase of one-
third of the building known as En-
terprise Block, it being that part
which is now occupied by Sullivan
& Kise.

Mr. Jas. H. Woods, son of Judge
Woods, and Miss Dora Barrett,
daughter of Rev. Jas. Barrett, were
married recently. They are prom-
inent and worthy young people
and the News wishes them the
best of everything in life.

Fresh bread at Vaughan's.

Vaughan is the place to buy your
hour.

Fresh fruits always on hand at
Vaughan's.

Capt. T. D. Marcus, of Catletts-
burg, is in town.

A new stock of side combs just
received at Conley's.

Groceries cheap for the next 30
days at Sullivan & Kise.

It pays to be well suited in shoes.
Borders & Stewart's do it.

If you want any insurance, either
fire or life, call on Aug Snyder,

If you want to buy nice fresh
fruits, go to P. H. Vaughan's.

James Billups and family, of
Gallipolis, Ohio, have been here
visiting relatives this week.

Hat Pins and side combs are very
stylish. A new line of neat designs
has been received at Conley's.

It is reported that Mormon eld-
ers are at work in the Beach Fork
portion of this county, and in the
edge of Cabell and Lincoln coun-
ties.—Wayne News.

Examine one of those catalogues
printed at the News office for the
Louisa Normal Institute. It is
of the latest design, and is our
prize piece of work in the pamphlet
line.

Now that the snow is gone we
don't mind stating that according
to paragraph 3, section 4713, of the
general statutes of Kentucky, it is
a finable offense to use sleigh bells.
The penalty is from \$3 to \$5.—Ash-
land News.

A dramatic club, composed prin-
cipally of members of similar orga-
nizations which have existed in
Louisville in the past, will give a play at
this place about Feb. 22. The
club will not render it at Catletts-
burg, it is safe to say.

It was an Ohio candidate for Con-
gress who after the recent election,
telegraphed to the Fourth Assistant
Postmaster General; "Stop all ap-
pointments in this district, until I
can see you. I am elected." It is
an Ohio Judge who says to the
United States Constitution: "Come
off the perch." I am on the bench."—
Courier Journal.

Rev. Hicks says: "Storms of rains
and snow will visit many sections on
Jan. 9, 10 and 11. These storms
will be followed by a cold wave.
Rain and wind storms will occur on
Jan. 19, 20 and 21 and Jan. 25 and
26. Then will occur another
period of cold, which will be fol-
lowed by rain and warmer weather
during the closing hours of the
month."

The results of the planting last
year showed that much defective
tobacco seed was sent into this sec-
tion. Mr. E. B. White, of this
place, has grown a superior qual-
ity and is putting them up for sale,
as will be seen by his advertise-
ment in these columns. The cost
is trifling. It is better to pay a
small sum for good seed than to get
a poor quality free.

Granted
"We beg pardon of the Big Sandy
News man. We meant to refer the
Salvation Army to Wayne, W. Va.,
where the Wayne News says Satan
is so strongly entrenched."—Ashland
News.

Teacher's Pay Day.

Tomorrow is the date for the
January payment of school teach-
ers. It is probable that only one-
half of the amount will be in the
hands of the Superintendent for
payment, owing to the deficiency in
the school fund.

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"We beg pardon of the Big Sandy
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where the Wayne News says Satan
is so strongly entrenched."—Ashland
News.

Tobacco Seed for Sale.

At Snyder Bros. store you can
get first class tobacco seed, grown
and put up by E. B. White.

"Do n't Tobacco Spit or Smoke
Your Life Away."

The truthful, startling title of a book
about No-to-bac, the only harmless,
guaranteed tobacco-habit cure. If you
try to quit cold, use "No-to-bac".

Brace, vivify, nerves, elimin-
inate poisons; makes weak men gain
strength, weight and vigor. Positive
cure or money refunded.

Book at druggist, or mailed free. Ad-
dress The Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago,
145 Randolph St.; New York, 10 Spruce St.

Staves Wanted.

44-inch staves, and 34-inches in
length. Write to James J. Brady,
Huntington, W. Va. feb 22

Special Notice: Those who are
entitled to the free holiday offer
should come and get their frame.

D. M. Jones,
Photographer.

Floyd County.

PRESTONBURG.

The holidays are over and the
New Year is here.

The band boys gave an oyster
supper at the Bonanza Hotel New
Year's night.

B. P. Friend left here for Frank-
fort Friday.

Rollman Huffman, of Pikeville,
was in the Burg Thursday.

Miss Bird Callahan gave a party
last week.

Miss Bessie Hopkins and Henry
Fitzpatrick left for Glendale and
Danville Sunday to attend school.

They had been home for the
holidays.

Nothing here but snow.

ONISCA.

Jeff Justice came home Wednes-
day from down in Kentucky where
he has been in the employ of the
C. & O.

TRY IT—Hold the edge of a common visiting card
between your fingers so that the card will be
parallel to your nose; then hold your nose to the card and you will see
easy it is for the man to swallow one of Dr. Pierce's
Pleasant Pills.

One of Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pills
are as effective as the best liver
pills, and are easier to get down and more
agreeable in their action besides.

The Dr. Pierce sugar-coated Pel-
lets are better for most every complaint. They
act in a mild, easy and natural way.

An absolute cure for Constipation, Dizzines,

Inflammation, Sour Stomach, Sick and Bilious

Condition, Skin Complaints, Headaches

and all other complaints.

They are guaranteed to give satis-
faction, or money returned.

Why are they not the cheapest
pill for you to buy?

IT'S EASILY SWALLOWED.

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